



## DETECTOR, AMPLIFIER, OSCILLATOR

MIDGET TYPE

Heater =	Coated	Unipotential	Cathode		
Voltage		6.3		a-c or d-	c volts
Current		<b>0.1</b> 5			amp.
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:					
Grid to Plate		1.4			μμf
Grid to Cathod	e	1.2			μμf
Plate to Catho	de	1.1			μμf
Maximum Overall Length			1–13/16"		
Maximum Seated H	eight			1-9/1	
Length from Base Seat to Bulb Top					
lexcluding tip		•		1-3/16"	± 3/3217
Maximum Diameter				3/4'	"
Bu 1b				T-5-1.	12
Base ▲			Miniat	ure Butto	n 7-Pin
Pin 1 - Plate		<u>(4)(5)</u>		Pin 5-P1a	ate
Pin 2 - Cathode		3/12/16		Pin 6-Gr	id
Pin 3 - Heater				Pin 7 – Ca <sup>.</sup>	thode
Pin 4 - Heater		3/1/V)			
RCA Socket		0		Stock N	o. 9914
Mounting Position	n	BOTTOM VIEW			Any
Maximum Ratings Are Design-Center Values					
		AMPLIFIER			
Plate Voltage		74711 2.11 1 2.11		250 max	. volts
Plate Dissipation	n				. watts
Typical Operation		aracteristics	- Class		
Plate	90	135	180	250	volts
	-2.5	-3 <b>.</b> 75	-5	<b>-</b> 7	volts
Amp. Fact.	25	25	25	25	

The cathode of the 9002, when operated from a transformer, should preferably be connected to the heater circuit. In the case of U-c operation of the heater from a storage battery, the cathode circuit is tied in either directly or through bias resistors to the negative battery terminal. In circuits where the cathode is not directly connected to the heater, the potential difference between heater and cathode should be kept as low as possible.

12500

2000

11400

2200

ohms

umhos

ma.

13200

1900

3.5

A The center hole in sockets designed for this base provides for the possibility that this tube type may be manufactured with the exhaust-tube tip at the base end. For this reason, it is recommended that in equipment employing this tube type, no material be permitted to obstruct the socket hole.

14700

1700

2.5

- Indicates a change.

Plate Res.

Transcond.

Plate Cur.

<sup>\*</sup>Temporary minimum length = 1-1/16 ".





## AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS

